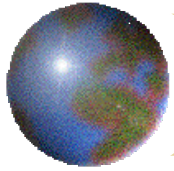


# *SOA – Benefits and Risks*

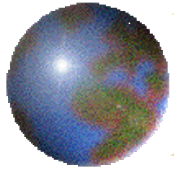
Presentation to ESUG 2005  
Conference

*Andy Berry – [www.tof.co.uk](http://www.tof.co.uk)*



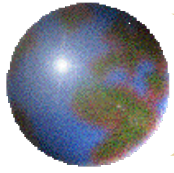
## *What we'll cover...*

- ✚ What is SOA (Service Oriented Architecture)?
- ✚ Business Benefits
- ✚ Risks and how to mitigate them
- ✚ Smalltalk and SOA
- ✚ What next for your Business?



## *What is a SOA?*

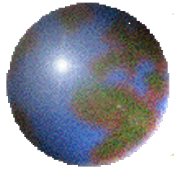
- ✚ What is an 'architecture'?
- ✚ What is a 'service'?
- ✚ What is a SOA?



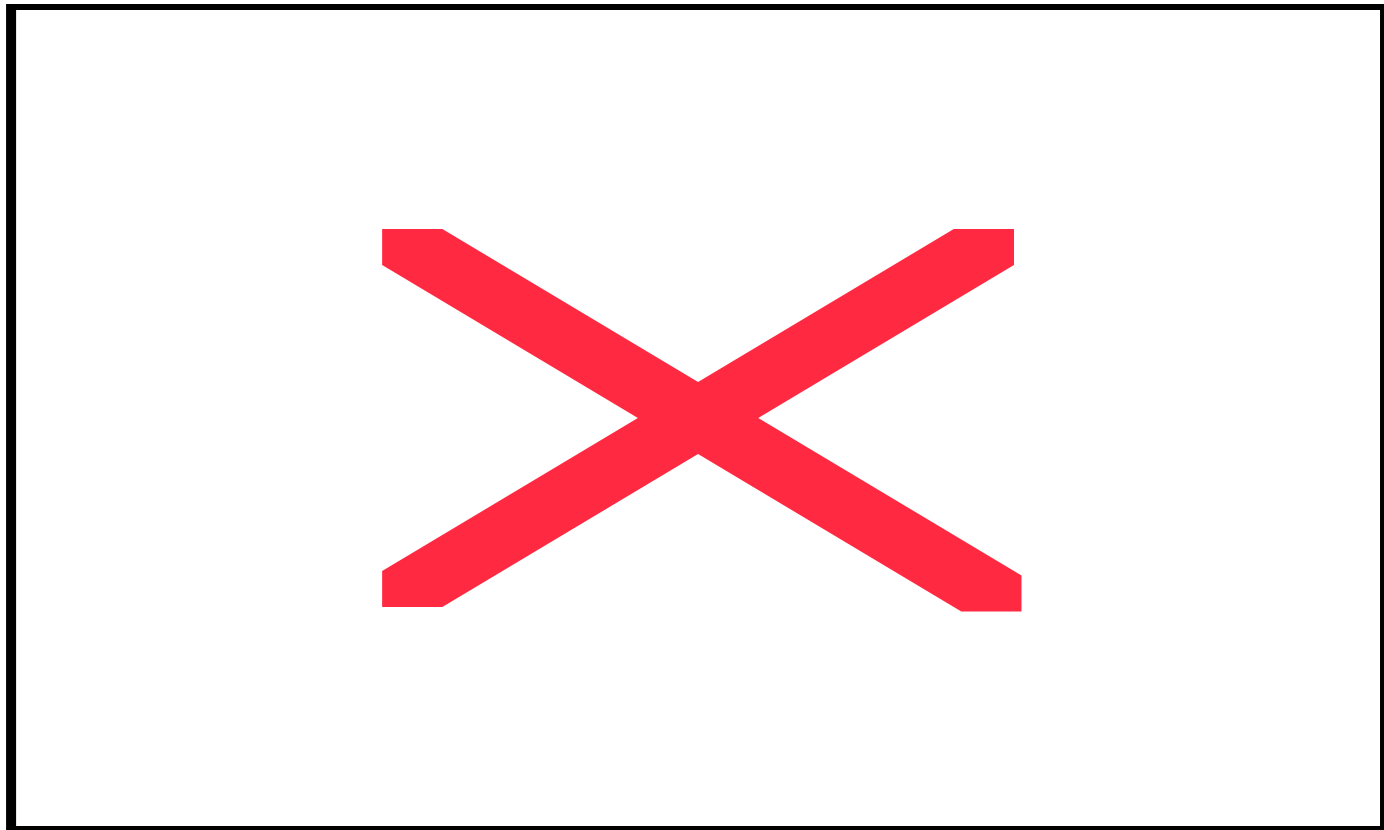
## *What is a Architecture?*

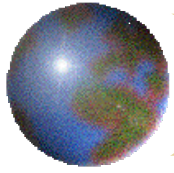
- ✚ Let's pretend that you win the Lottery and you ask a builder to build you a new house...



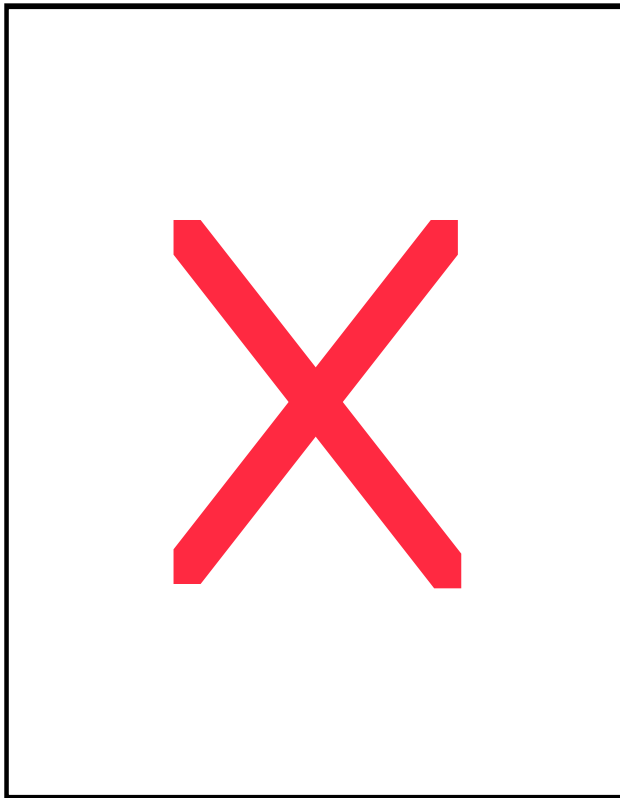


*This is what you have in mind...*

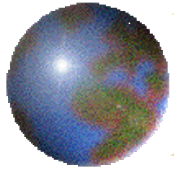




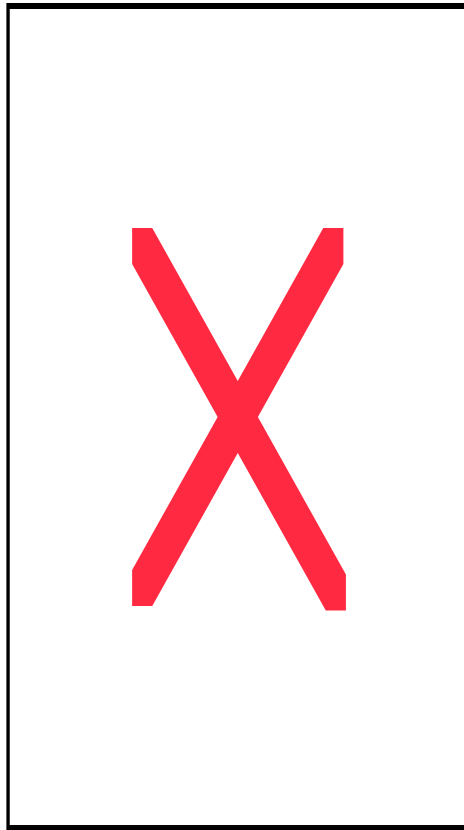
*But this is what you get...*



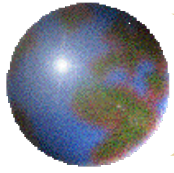
- ❖ “Well, I saved bricks by building it ‘in the round’” the builder says
- ❖ Yes, but...
- ❖ He forget that the best view is where he didn’t put any windows



*Now, let's scale up the problem...*

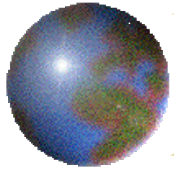


- Cities, comprising many thousands of buildings, must work together



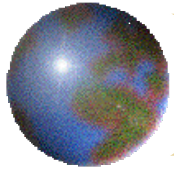
## *Let's apply this to IT...*

- ❖ We may have wonderful applications for Sales, Billing and Quality Control but none of them should exist in isolation...
- ❖ A Sales Enquiry should 'turn into' an Invoice without the need to re-type it
- ❖ We need all our applications to work together so we can save money (That's what it's all about)

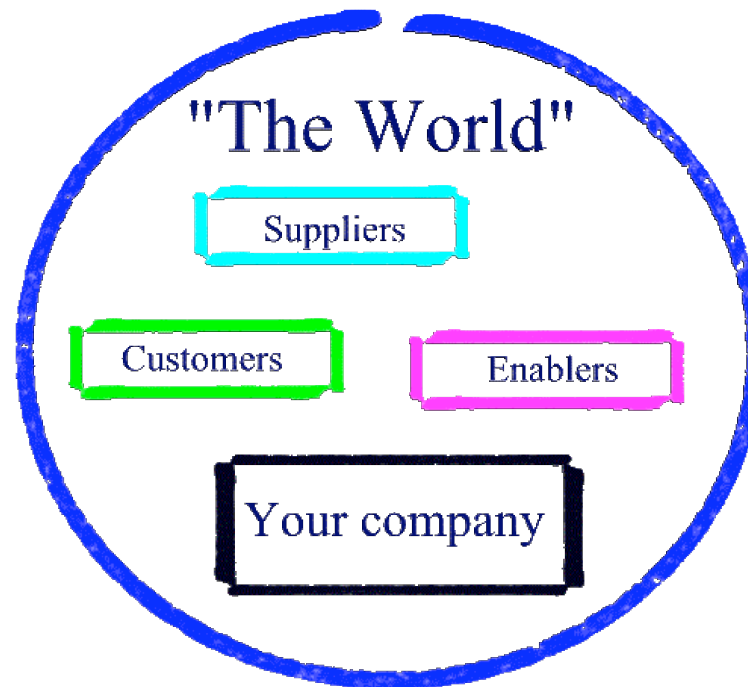


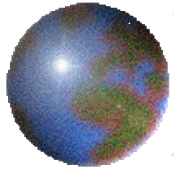
## *So, we need an architecture for our IT Systems*

- ❖ The architecture must tell us how to link things together
- ❖ It must consider both the business itself and the world around it



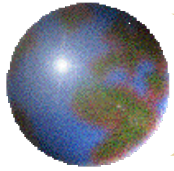
# *Your Business and the World*





## *My key message...*

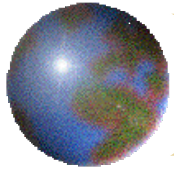
- ✿ If there's one message I want you to take away from this presentation, it's this:
  - ▣ A Service Oriented Architecture is a way of including everyone - Customers, Suppliers and Enablers – as partners in your IT system



## *An SOA is...*

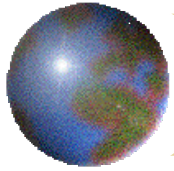
- ✚ Service Oriented Architecture
- ✚ That is, an Architecture that is designed around Services





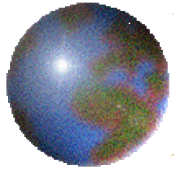
## *What is a “Service”?*

- ✦ Suppose I am a Taxi Driver...
- ✦ You ring me up and ask me to take you somewhere...
- ✦ I arrive, pick you up and drive you to your destination...
- ✦ I have provided a “Service”
- ✦ (How I get paid is an interesting question, we’ll cover that near the end)



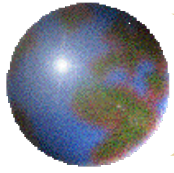
## *Characteristics of a Service*

- ✚ It's business oriented – I don't need to tell the Taxi Driver how to drive
- ✚ It's asynchronous – I request something and, sometime later, it happens
- ✚ Normally, you get what you ask for



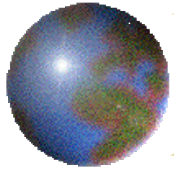
# *Granularity, Granularity, Granularity...*

- ✚ Let's return to IT land...
- ✚ Consider a Billing Application...
- ✚ Should a Service be to read a row in the Customer table of the database?  
OR
- ✚ Should a Service be to submit an Invoice to a customer?



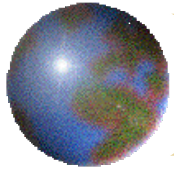
# *Remember, we're talking Architecture, not Coding!*

- ✦ Put simply, Services should be Business Oriented.
- ✦ Always ask yourself:  
Can I imagine myself doing this?
- ✦ If it's doable by a human, it's probably Business Oriented enough to be a Service

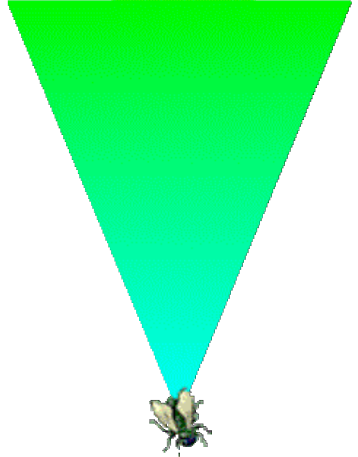


*And so...*

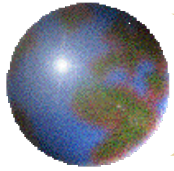
- ✦ A service to submit an Invoice to a customer is probably closer to meeting the definition of a “Business Oriented Service” in an SOA than a bit of code to read a row from a database



## *Where does SOA fit?*

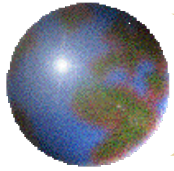


- Should SOA affect the way you view the world?
- Or, just the way you write your next line of code?

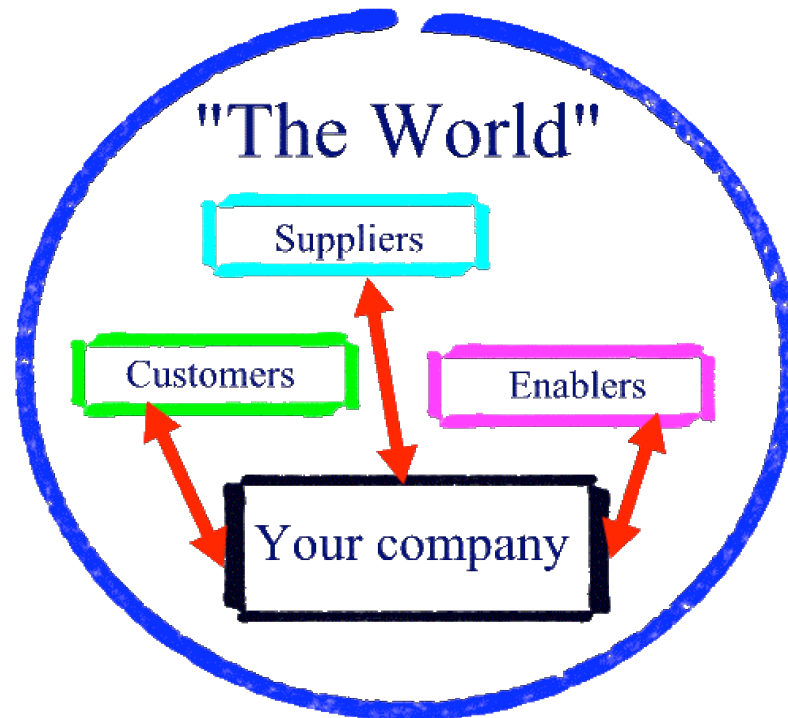


## *Try these statements ...*

- ❖ SOA is the most important development in software in the last ten years
- ❖ SOA is an interesting development that your company should monitor
- ❖ SOA is just a messaging application

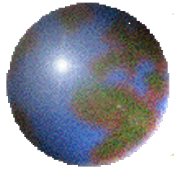


## *How to talk to the world...*



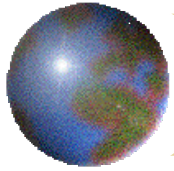
Messages,  
Messages,  
And, yes,  
Messages





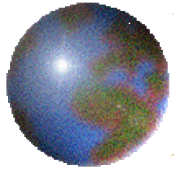
## *Inside your company...*

- ❖ The role of SOAs isn't limited to inter-company communication.
- ❖ In fact, it makes sense to introduce an SOA inside your company before you try to communicate outside



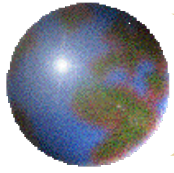
## *An exercise...*

- ❁ As you know, I always ask you to do something during my presentations and SO...
  - ❁ Can you think of three business oriented services that you allow parts of your company to work more effectively together?



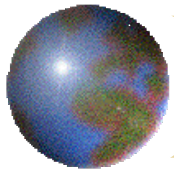
## *Implementing an SOA*

- ✦ You can do it all yourself
- ✦ Or, you can use a product from suppliers like IBM, Iona, Sonic Software or CapeClear
- ✦ If you use a product, you get added value like tools to manage the flow of messages



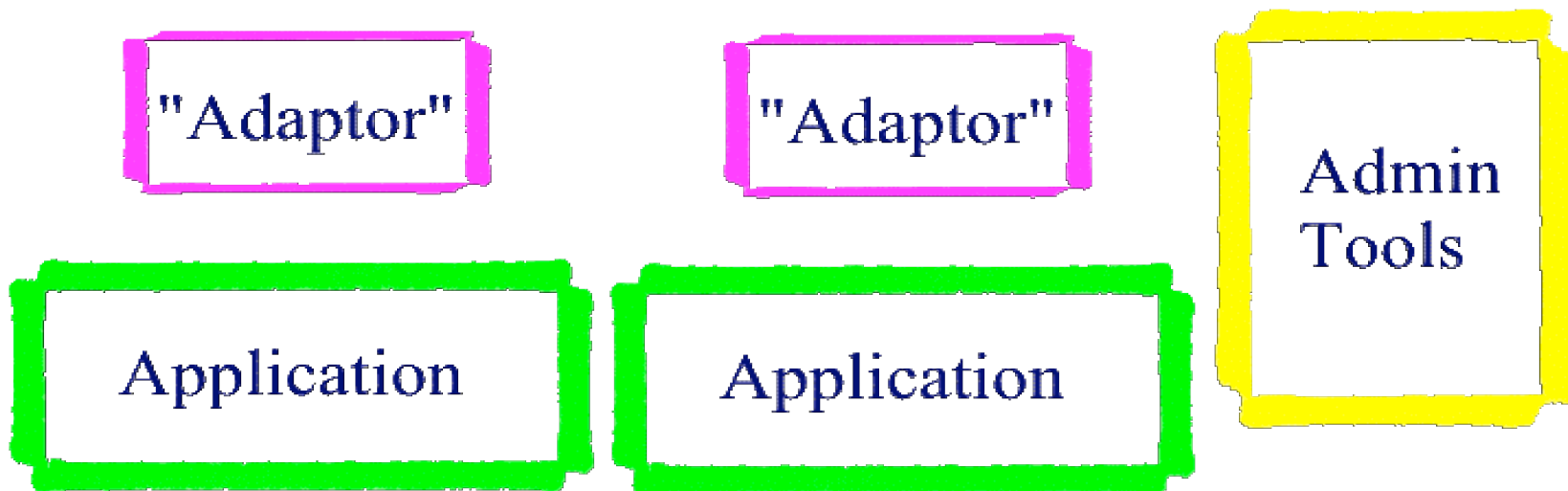
## *Enterprise Service Bus*

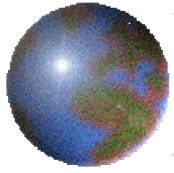
- ❖ One of the implementation mechanisms is to use an “Enterprise Service Bus” (ESB)
- ❖ As its name implies, it’s designed for use within an Enterprise – that’s another name for a company.
- ❖ Basically, it lets you wrap your existing applications up and get them talking to each other



# *The ESB Diagram*

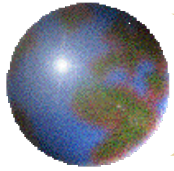
Enterprise Service Bus





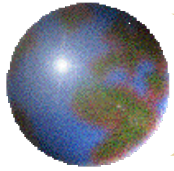
## *What goes along the Bus?*

- ✚ Yes, hopefully, you've guessed...
- ✚ Messages, messages and more messages.
- ✚ Typically, these are implemented as Web Services



## *What's a Web Service?*

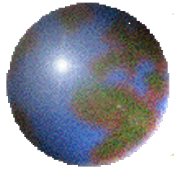
- ❖ At an implementation level, a Web Service is a service delivered by XML encoded messages.
- ❖ For a more abstract view, read Tim Berners-Lee's article on the "Semantic Web" in the May 2001 issue of Scientific American



## *And the benefits of using Web Services are?*

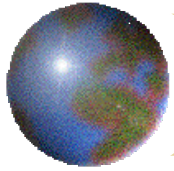
- ✚ When you link your ESB to one of your suppliers, you can use the Internet to send and receive messages
- ✚ Some Smalltalk implementations, for example, VisualWorks, support Web Services





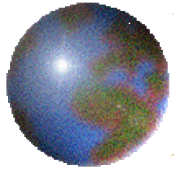
## *Benefits and Risks*

- ❖ Let's look at the Benefits and Risks of SOA.
- ❖ This where it gets scary...
- ❖ Although, hopefully, you agree that the benefits are enough to justify taking the risks



## *Business Benefits of SOA*

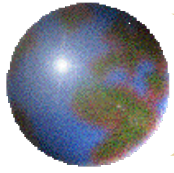
- ❖ You'll have an Architecture rather than a heap of isolated applications
- ❖ Your company can work closer with Customers and Suppliers
- ❖ A "future-proof" approach, over a 5 to 10 year timeframe



## *Risks of SOA*

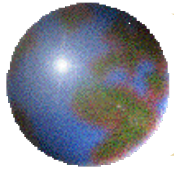
- ✚ You'll be an "Early Adopter"
- ✚ You'll incur extra costs
- ✚ The future isn't SOA after all...

And you can avoid these risks by...



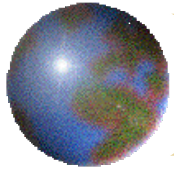
## *Mitigating the Risks*

- ❖ Don't "bet the business" – identify a specific area that can benefit and start there.
- ❖ Ensure that you have access to Mentors – you're taking a big step and you need to make sure you know the risks.
- ❖ Choose a product before you start implementation



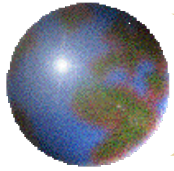
## *Smalltalk and SOA*

- ❖ As we've noted, Web Services are implemented by some Smalltalk implementations
- ❖ It only took me one day to use the Google Web Service – just do it!



## *What next?*

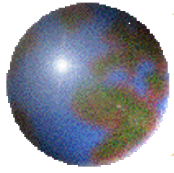
- ❁ You could “just do it” with SOA but:
  - ❁ You’d have to consider who is going to do what and when
  - ❁ Remember, granularity of service is a critical success factor
  - ❁ You don’t want to end up with just another bit of technology - you want an Architecture that supports your business



*And so ...*

❖ I suggest:

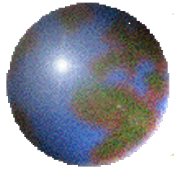
- ❖ You spend some time learning about the technology
- ❖ Pick an area that could benefit from a SOA
- ❖ Develop a prototype
- ❖ Obtain “buy-in” from senior staff within your company



## *The Next Big Idea...*

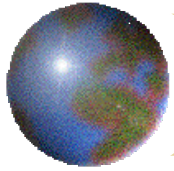
- ✦ Let's return to our Taxi driver.
- ✦ He's dropped us at our destination and then what?
- ✦ He asks for payment for the service he's just provided...





## *Payment for Services*

- ✚ Imagine you didn't have to buy servers or support them!
- ✚ Wow, utopia here we come...
- ✚ Why not simply pay for every IT service you need, when you use it?



## *Questions and Discussion*

- ✚ Thanks for listening
- ✚ Hope I've given you some ideas

✚ *What are you going to do next week?*